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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Soviet Units Reach Nazi Defence Lines

Bock's Forces Push South From Bataisk

MOSCOW, August 2.

South of Voronezh, Soviet units reached the German defence line, broke through barbed wire entanglements and cleared a path through minefields.

Soviet forces have crossed to the west bank of the Don at two new points and are firmly holding captured positions.

The Germans have been driven back several miles in one sector of the Don bend west of Kletskaya, according to a "Red Star" correspondent.

MOSCOW:—Russian troops counter-attacking south of the Don have held Von Bock's drive in several sectors though in others the Germans are still advancing, says the "Red Star."

"Fighting is assuming even larger proportions" 'the Red Star' adds "with the enemy trying at all costs to widen the wedge he has driven into our lines. South of Bataisk, the Germans tried to force a river barrier but by daring counterblows, Cassack troops drove them back to their former positions. South-west of Bataisk two enemy battalions were completely routed. Ceaseless and stubborn fighting is going on in the Tsimlyanskaya area."

A supplement to the Soviet midnight 'communique' says, in the Kletskaya area Soviet troops withstood every pressure and in places counter-attacked. In the Tsimlyanskaya area, heavy fighting continues. In one attack the enemy lost 800 killed and 11 tanks. Near Kuschevskaya, fighting for a river crossing continues. Several dozens of enemy tanks were put out of action. Kuschevskaya is 40 miles south of Bataisk on the railway from Rotsov into the Caucasus.

Fierce Fighting In Salsk Area

"Fighting in the Salsk area is equally fierce. The enemy launched several tank attacks and although suffering heavy losses pressed our troops back slightly." Salsk is hundred miles south-east of Rostov on the Stalingrad-Novorissisk Railway.

"In the Voronezh area the Soviet troops are consolidating positions captured by them. Active reconnaissance is being carried out. To the south of the town, the enemy attempted to counter-attack but was thrown back with heavy losses. Owing to immense losses the German high command has called up men born in 1925 and large groups previously rejected for health reasons."

Tank Clashes Galore

"One guards unit withstood 16 attacks in one day without yielding an inch of ground. One Soviet tank unit supported by aircraft and infantry dealt a strong counterblow putting the 113th German infantry division to flight.

In this sector, the Germans were pushed back several miles.

Fighting south-west of Kletskaya fluctuated furiously Masses of tanks, aircraft, artillery and infantry are participating in a battle stretching over dozens of miles. Pincer movements, flanking blows and tank clashes are the main features of the fighting. The enemy is making incredible efforts to capture the Don River bend but they are being countered by the determined resistance of the Red Army."

Heavy Fighting

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent)

Heavy fighting is going on for the possession of Salsk—an important railway junction on the line linking the Northern Caucasus with Central Russia. In the Salsk region, the Germans have engaged Soviet lines on a broad front while big tank formations and motorised units are trying to outflank the Russian positions here. More panzer forces were brought up yesterday, while increased air attacks on their lines forced the Russians to move back. Large tank forces are involved in these battles which have been in progress during the last few days.

In Kletskaya Region

In the Kletskaya region of the Don Elbow, the German advance is being checked. The Red Air Force is very active in this region. Nowhere yesterday could the Germans claim any progress in their attempt to break through to the Don Elbow banks. Early yesterday morning they launched big infantry attacks in several sectors, but failed to penetrate the Soviet lines. Renewing their attacks later with tank support, they were again repulsed. The Germans as well as Russians employed a large number of anti-tank riflemen in these struggles.

Bock's Forces' Push

Marshal von Bock's forces, pushing south from Bataisk, have reached the neighbourhood of Kushchevskaya, some 50 miles south of Rostov, where they are now meeting with stiff resistance from Cossack cavalry divisions, says Reuter's special correspondent. All Soviet defence lines were held yesterday and a number of German tank attacks in different sectors were repulsed.

To-day's (Sunday's) Soviet midday communique states: "During the night of August 1 our troops fought the enemy in the areas of Kletskaya, Tsimlyanskaya and Salsk. No changes took place on other sectors of the front".

Battle For "River Crossing"

Soviet midnight communique has already reported that 1,500 Germans were killed in the battle for "a river crossing". The river Yeya flows north of this town.

Train loads of heavy Soviet tanks with their crew standing by are moving up the Don Steppes.

The Front is almost next to the railway and tanks are often in action before they are unloaded, repelling German air attacks. They go straight into action from trains which take their load to within three miles of the front.

One Soviet pilot rammed and forced a German machine to land, taking its crew prisoner. Determined to get the plane at all costs, he twice hit the German plane with his wing tip but only scratched it. Then he caught up with it again and damaged it with his propellor. At the fourth attempt he cut off the German's tail with his propeller. The German then made a forced landing.

Immediate Threat To Caucasus Via Baku

MOSCOW, Aug. 2.

Von Bock's push of Bataisk which has now reached the regions of Kushchevskaya, 45 miles down the rail line from Rostov to Baku and Salsk, an important rail juction on the only railway linking north Caucasus with central Russia 'via' Stalingrad, is a threat not only to vital communications but also to the Black Sea Ports, writes Reuter's Special Correspondent. The railway runs southeast through Krasnodar to Novorisisk.

In the Salsk region withdrawals on several sectors were necessary. Heavy losses are being inflicted on the Germans in all these battles. The Russians repulsed attacks in many sectors but the "Red Star" demands more.—Reuter.

Call For Second Front

The call in Britain and America for the immediate opening of a Second Front was referred to by the Soviet press to-day for the first time since signing of the Anglo-Soviet treaty. Papers contained two long despatches from London and New York giving reports of speeches and demonstrations in favour of a Second Front. —Reuter.

NEW YORK:— Secret anti U-Boat vessels called "Bangors" now operating with the Royal Canadian Navy are working in close co-operation with Corvettes helping to guard the St. Lawrence highway to the sea.

Allied Second Front In Europe

Gen. Marshall To Be U. S. Commander And Wavell To Lead Br. Forces?

PUBLIC PRESSURE IN ENGLAND—BUT MILITARY NECESSITY WILL DECIDE IT

MADRAS, August 2.

"The eventual appointment of an American General to lead the Allied Second Front on the European Continent seems a stronger possibility as the weight of the German summer offensive re-emphasises the need to give Russia every possible help. Public pressure for the prompt creation of a Second Front is slowly growing and chalked "Open A Second Front now" slogans are replacing "V for Victory" as random wall decorations in London."

Thus says the special correspondent of the "Hindu" in London in a cable.

Deciding Factor

The creation of a new front however, adds the correspondent, is a job for general staff officers who must at all costs avoid going off half-cooked and only military pressure—not public—might force them to hurry the job.

Commanders

The correspondent says that General Marshall's name is most frequently mentioned in speculation regarding the American Commander, General Wavell's name regarding the British, although Sir Alan Brooke and General Alexander Eisenhower might also be among the possibilities on this side of the water.—United Press.

Indian Ocean Air Services

Immediate Action Urged By Quantas Empire Airways

BRISBANE, Aug. 1.

Chairman of the Quantas Empire Airways, Sir Frederick McMaster, to-day urged that urgent steps be taken to safeguard the future of Empire Air Services. He said the position of Australian and British overseas air services was approaching a climax and their future rested to a great extent with the decision made now by the Empire Government and America.

Urging that immediate action be taken to open the Indian Ocean Air Service, he added: "Whatever action is taken now it will determine the future not only of Australian, but the Empire ocean services".

This warning was also confirmed by another prominent aviation authority who emphasised lack of suitable planes for carrying on the services.—Reuter.

NAZI BOMBERS OVER CAIRO

CAIRO, August 1.

An official 'communique' says: Five people were killed and twelve injured when the Cairo area was raided last night. Several bombs were dropped causing only slight damage. Warnings were also sounded in the Alexandria and Suez Canal areas and several provinces of lower and upper Egypt.

ALLIES BOMB JAP CRUISER

LONDON, August 2.

From Allied Headquarters in the South-west Pacific.

To-day's 'communique' says: "BANDA SEA: Allied units bombed and machine-gunned an enemy cruiser south of Amboina, but owing to weather conditions it was impossible to determine the amount of damage.

GONA: Allied bombers attacked enemy installations in both day and night raids.

North-western sector: CAY ISLANDS: The wharf and harbour were lightly bombed. One of our planes is missing.

North-eastern sector: KOKODA, NEW GUINEA: The ground situation is unchanged. Our fighters attacked enemy positions.

SOLOMONS, GUADALCANAR: Allied units raided enemy installations and stores at Kukum Bombs fell in the target area starting fires.

MORESBY: A single enemy flying-boat made an ineffectual night raid.

HORNISLAND: A single enemy plane lightly bombed the south of the island at night causing no damage."—Reuter.

U. S. Spokesman's Further Clarification

CHUNGKING, Aug. 2.

The Allies' Second Front, when it comes, "will definitely be in Europe", said Doctor Laughlin Currie, President Roosevelt's Special Envoy to China, as stated in an interview here. Outlining United States war strategy, Dr. Currie said that America had been "trying to find a line we could hold and on which we can build for an offensive." When asked if the flow of American war material to China would be affected by demands for the same type of materials if and when a "Second Front" in Europe was opened, he replied in the negative.—Reuter.

"C. R." To Keep Out Of C. D.

Madras Ex-Premier Hopes Jinnah Will Accept Plebiscite On Pakistan

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

It is reliably understood that Rajaji left Wardha unconvinced and there are little prospects of his joining hands with Gandhiji in the coming mass movement. He considers this movement inopportune and will watch its development as a neutral observer.

Regarding communal adjustments he is still optimistic.

On the basis of his previous talks with Mr. Jinnah in Bombay he is hopeful that the League leader will consider the question of plebiscite regarding Pakistan in predominantly Muslim areas and will surrender to its final vote. Gandhiji has reluctantly agreed that in such circumstances Rajaji may have his own choice and if he finds any definite hope of success, Gandhiji may also join him in finding out a communal solution.

PRINCELY INDIA

At one stage the question of Princely India was also discussed as Gandhiji insisted on having a complete picture before the formation of a National Government. Rajaji preferred to defer this matter until the cessation of hostilities.—O. P.

Sikandar Turns Down Khaksars' Plea

LAHORE (By Mail).

It is reliably learnt that the Khaksar deputation which waited on the Punjab Premier under instructions from Allama Mashriqi has failed in its mission.—Orient Press.

GLOUCESTER AT MOMBASSA

NAIROBI: The Duke of Gloucester visited the Kenya Port of Mombasa on Thursday, it was revealed here on Saturday. He inspected air, naval and military units which form part of the East African coastal defences, recently greatly strengthened.

S. O. S. TO VICEROY

Bombay Retail Grain-Dealers Ask For Rice At 'Control' Prices

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The following telegram has been sent to the Viceroy:—

The following resolution was adopted unanimously by extraordinary general meeting of the Bombay Grain-dealers' Association and attended by 3,000 retail grain-dealers of Bombay and suburbs:—

In view of considerable hardships and inconveniences in obtaining reasonable supply of rice easily and at controlled rates and of insufficiency of controlled retail prices fixed by Government of Bombay, this extraordinary general meeting of Bombay Grain-Dealers' Association resolves to stop from today purchase of all kinds of rice from wholesale rice market until method of its supply is made easy and speedy and it becomes available at controlled rates and without any harassment."

IF INDIA'S INTEGRITY IS GUARANTEED....

Mahasabha Would Support Congress Lead, Says Savarkar

POONA, August 2.

The view that the Hindu Mahasabha would support the Congress movement provided the latter gave certain guarantees regarding the integrity and indivisibility of India was expressed by Mr. V. D. Savarkar till recently the President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha at a largely-attended public meeting held here this evening.

At the outset Mr. Savarkar reviewed the political developments in India since the commencement of the war, bringing out the differences between the policies of the Congress and those of the Hindu Mahasabha. He expressed satisfaction that Gandhiji, at long last came to the viewpoint of the Hindu Mahasabha, that communal unity was not possible nor necessary for winning freedom.

Conitnuing Mr. Savarkar said: "I suggest to the Congress to improve their slogan "Quit India" and make it what it means without any modifying clauses. Let the Congress give as a solemn guarantee that it firmly believes in unity and integrity of India and shall stand by them. Let the Congress declare that safeguards, if at all be given in India's constitution, will be given to all communities.

Let there be joint electorates or if separate electorates be given, representation shall be on population basis without the question of weightage and services shall go by merits alone. Let the Congress insist that the communities in India must give up extra-territorial ambitions and must be loyal to India alone. If the Congress gives these guarantees, I declare that the Hindu Mahasabha will be prepared to join hands with the Congress in its contemplated struggle."—United Press.

NO MOUTHPIECE OF MR. AMERY

NEW DELHI, Aug. 2.

"There is no question of my serving under or as an Adviser to the Secretary of State for India. I will attend all meetings of the British War Cabinet and Pacific War Council as a representative of British India, appointed by the Government of India and not as in 1917, appointed by the Secretary of State for India", declared Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, speaking at a press conference this evening.

Continuing Sir Ramaswamy assured: "In short, I shall be entirely free to express my views, independently of the Secretary of State. I, however, see no reason that the views I will express will not be the views of the Secretary of State. I will be responsible to and will be guided by the instructions from the Government of India."

Further Sir Ramaswami said that he would be selecting his own Secretariat in London and so far he had no intention to take anyone from India on his staff.—A.P.

SARDAR SHOWS WAY TO

SECURE CO-OPERATION OF INDIANS TO WAR

Congress Does Not Desire Anarchy Or Defeat Of Allies, But India's Independence

HOW THE EVENTS OF THE LAST FIVE OR SIX MONTHS OF THE WAR FORCED THE CONGRESS TO TAKE A DECISION WHICH IT TOOK AT WARDHA AND HOW THE PROJECTED MOVEMENT WOULD TAKE ITS SHAPE WERE EXPLAINED IN A ONE-HOUR SPEECH BY SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL, AT A LARGE GATHERING AT CHOWPATTY, ON SUNDAY EVENING.

ACCORDING TO THE SPEAKER, THE BRITISH SHOULD WITHDRAW FROM INDIA, BECAUSE ONLY THEN THE FULL SYMPATHY AND CO-OPERATION OF THE PEOPLE OF THIS COUNTRY TO WAR COULD BE ENLISTED AND, SECONDLY, THE CONTINUATION OF BRITISH IMPERIALISM WOULD ACT AS A TEMPTATION TO ANOTHER IMPERIALIST POWER TO COVET THIS LAND, IN THIS VORTEX OF IMPERIALIST AMBITIONS, WARS WOULD EXTEND AND CONTINUE.

THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE MADE ELABORATE ARRANGEMENTS. BUT THE GATHERING WAS SO HUGE THAT SEVERAL LOUD-SPEAKERS HAD TO BE INSTALLED, IN RESPONSE TO THE CLAMOUR OF THE PEOPLE AND THE VOLUNTEERS HAD TO CHECK THE SURGE OF VAST CROWDS OF PEOPLE ALONG THE RIM OF THOSE WHO SQUATTED ON THE SANDS. MR. NAGINDAS T. MASTER PRESIDED.

100,000 People Attend

OVER A LAKH OF PEOPLE ATTENDED THE MEETING.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel said that the Wardha Resolution of the Congress had secured enough publicity even under the present circumstances. The eyes of the world were riveted on it. On Monday, Gandhiji and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru would be in Bombay and, thereafter, the A.I.C.C. would meet at Gowalia Tank, and it was necessary to understand the implications of such an important resolution.

He gave the background to the present attitude of the Congress and traced the history of the British attitude towards the people of the country, since the outbreak of the war. The country was dragged into the war without its consent. As a protest against this, seven Congress Ministries resigned. The protest was ignored by the Government. Then a demand for the explanation of war aims was made. There was again no reply. The Congress was again prepared to help the war efforts, if a National Government was formed in India. That was what the Congress offered in Poona and the offer was disregarded. Then Gandhiji was given the authority to start a movement and he launched the individual Civil Disobedience movement on a restricted scale and not to embarrass the British. Still the British Government did nothing. Nearly a year passed and events changed. Japan was in the war. Congress wanted to prevent any internal trouble in the country and decided to start volunteer brigades and mobilise its force.

CRIPPS' OFFER REJECTED

There was, however, no abatement in the public discontent. Due to the pressure of the Allies, Sir Stafford Cripps was sent to India. They believed that Sir Stafford Cripps was sympathetic towards India and expected that something would emerge out of the negotiations on behalf of the British Government. It was believed that he would heal the breach between India and Britain. So the Working Committee of the Congress, in spite of Gandhiji's advice decided to consider the proposals brought by him. After a fortnight of discussion, the Working Committee found that what Gandhiji had told them was true. All the parties in India were dissatisfied with the proposals and India was unanimous in disapproving the proposals.

The war was coming nearer India and the fall of Malaya, Singapore and Burma which were lost led India to consider all possible steps to prevent a similar fate.

Gandhiji and the Congress thought that such a situation could be avoided, if only the British left this country. Public sympathy and co-operation was necessary to keep the enemy away. If the British left the country, the people could be galvanised and could be made to fight in the same manner as the Russians and the Chinese.

It was also Gandhiji's belief that as long as an Imperialist power remained, it could also act as a temptation to another Imperialist power to covet this land and in this vortex of imperialist ambitions, war would extend and continue. The only way to stop this, was to end the Imperialist regime.

ANOTHER SHOWDOWN

The Wardha resolution had also led to another showdown. American and the British opposition was now directed against the Congress in an unprecedented manner. It was good that they knew the true colour of those who claimed to be their friends. Sir Stafford Cripps, a radical, appeared to require American help to overawe the Congress.

It was curious that Communists who were jailed for two or three years for opposing war efforts were mostly released after the Wardha Resolution of the Congress was passed. Evidently Government hoped that they could be pitted against the Congress.

But the Sardar did not think that they would oppose the Congress. Their patriotism had never been in doubt and he did not think that they would be caught in the net.

He referred to the race among the members of the Viceroy's Executive Council to issue statements against the Congress. According to these Members, the Muslims, the Harijans, the peasants and workers and the students were all against the Congress. But still the appeal for American help was made. It was because they knew that the present type of struggle would be a different one and the final one.

The British Government had lost the support of one whose love towards them had been true and sincere. Gandhiji was now 74 years old. In the past he had taken up the role of a sergeant to the British Empire to keep the country peaceful. But now he felt that Britain should withdraw her rule from India.

BOMBAY HONOURED

The All-India Congress Committee would be meeting in Bombay on August 7. The attention of the world would be focused on this. It was an honour to Bombay and they should be worthy of it, as she had proved so in the past.

The programme of the Congress was being discussed. There was a resurgence of national spirit as was evidenced in 1919. The programme launched in 1921 would again take shape. Some people asked whether Gandhiji and other leaders would be arrested. The assumption had already been made. The movement would cover the programme of 1919-21. The voice of the people would be found irresistible.

The Congress did not desire anarchy or the defeat of the British power. But they found themselves helpless. The curtain had to be rung down before further harm could be done. If the independence of the country was secured, then Congress would have achieved its goal. It was prepared to give a pledge now that the Congress organisation would be disbanded, if that purpose war fulfilled.

ARRESTS

After the meeting was over, forks, at cross-roads were chokeful. Traffic had to be stopped.

On Sandhurst Bridge, the arrest of two persons by the Gamdevi Police as a sequel to an alleged attempt at stone-throwing at two motor vehicles, let loose public frenzy. A large crowd followed the police escorting the arrested persons to the police station. There were shouts of "Inquilab Zindabad" and as the police officer and two constables tried to keep back the crowd, more people joined in. On the way to the station, two more persons were arrested for disorderly behaviour.

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Wanted Lady Companion for Sick Lady free lodging and boarding provided. Apply stating age, nationality, qualifications, lowest salary needed to V. G. Motwane. Post Box 459, Bombay. (9242)

Wanted Urdu knowing Graduate, preferably trained on Rs. 45|- and Under Graduate on Rs. 30|- to teach English, Mathematics, History, Geography. Apply before 15th August to Abidali Waquif, Chairman, Anglo-Urdu High School Society, Jalgaon.

Secure Employment learning Typewriting, shortest time, least effort, monthly Re. 1|- only. Arrangement for ladies. National Typewriting Institution, Dwarkadas Mansions, Sandhurst Road. (Marwadi Vidyalaya). (16655)

Wanted a very young and energetic Gujrati as Secretary to businessman of Calcutta. Good knowledge of Music essential. Apply stating age and full qualifications to Box No. 16642 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two experienced Turners for Mechanical Shop of an up-country mill. Apply with copies of certificates stating age and salary expected to Box No. 16623, "Bombay Chronicle."

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By Metal Industrial Mfg. Expert Specialist of Surgical, Scientific, Cutlery Instruments & Appliances, Tools and Tackles, Splints, A.R.P. requisites can manage, Run, Start, Control, Advice any workshop. Experience of Govt. Works and Factory routine wants service or partnership, Box No. 16632, "Bombay Chronicle."

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To Sub-let Office Room with Telephone at Bank Street, Fort. Rent Rs. 25-0-0. Apply Box No. 16633, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Homoeopathy, Best Correspondence Course in India guaranteed. Easily learnt. Diplomas granted. Enables to treat even diseases baffling other systems. Scholarships for deserving. Apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. (16565)

Learn Shorthand by Post. Practical training. Booklets & Specimen lessons free. International College, 48, Lingachetti St., Madras. 16630

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Epilepsy and Hysteria treated only by 15 doses given free on 26th August, 1942 (Rakshabandhan) out patients send Rs. 2|8 to have it. Shubh Chintak Karyalaya, Chitrakot, District Banda. 16621

Genuine Waaning Tilly Oil—Dutch Drops—A famous household remedy for disease of the Liver, Kidney, Gall system, Metabolism, Gout, Rheumatism, Colic and Constipation, Piles extra. Write for full particulars to The Eclipse Distributing Agency, Dahanu Road. (16578)

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A set of midwifery instruments for sale. In very good condition. Apply to Box No. 16654, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted good horse for driving carriage apply V.G. Motwane, Post Box 459, Bombay. (9243)

Public Notices

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NOTICE

CLAIMS AGAINST THE BURMA CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

ANY PERSONS or Firm with a claim outstanding against the Burma Customs Department, e. g. refund of duty or deposit, arrears of Pay, Fees, etc. should present to the undersigned in writing on or **before the 31st August, 1942** and application for payment stating precisely the nature of the claim and whether any previous application for payment has been made. The application should be supported, if possible, with documentary evidence in substantiation of the claim.

H. F. OXBURY.
Collector of Customs, Burma,
C|o. Representative of the
Government of Burma,
22, Writers' Buildings,
Calcutta.

9238

G. I. P. RAILWAY

Rate Circulars

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Foreign Rate Circular No. 4 (Goods & Coaching) of 1942 has been issued.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or Stations.

9246.

NOTICE

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

Appointment of Deputy City Engineer

1. Applications are invited for the post of Deputy City Engineer, Bombay Municipality on Rs. 800-50-1,100 plus Rs. 160/- Conveyance Allowance per mensem.

2. The appointment will be on probation for one year in the first instance and liable to confirmation thereafter on approved service and subject to physical fitness for permanent service as certified by the Municipal Medical Examiner.

3. It is not necessary that the applicant should be a native of the Province of Bombay.

4. The applicant must be either:—
(a) a Chartered Civil Engineer (by examination) or a Chartered Engineer (India) (by examination); or
(b) a graduate in Civil Engineering of a recognized University.

He must also have at least 7 years practical experience of Engineering works, of which at least 5 years shall be of Municipal Engineering in responsible positions.

Knowledge and experience of Electrical and/or Mechanical Engineering will be considered an additional qualification.

(5) The post is amenable to Municipal Service Regulations and the Revised Leave Regulations as at present in force or as may be amended from time to time hereafter as regards pay, allowances, leave, etc., and will be entitled to the benefits of the Provident Fund under the Municipal Provident Fund Regulations in force from time to time.

6. Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, technical training and experience and accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should be made on prescribed forms to be obtained from the office of the undersigned on payment of annas 8 so as to reach him on or before Monday, the 31st August, 1942.

7. Persons in Municipal Service are eligible to apply.

8. Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 24th July, 1942.

9174.

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Complete Block-Making Plant wanted by Sun Process Works Ltd. Phone 24435. P. O. Box 3593, Bombay 4. (9249)

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Public Notices

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APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED upto 31st August 1942, from Registered Medical Graduates of the Bombay University preferably with experience as Medical Officer in charge of Hospital for atleast 5 years for the post of Medical Officer Wadala and Grain Depot Dispensaries on Rs. 200-10-250 plus Rs. 50 conveyance allowance p.m. with Free Quarters. The post is subject to the leave, Provident Fund and other Service Rules of the Bombay Port Trust as amended from time to time.

The selected candidate will be required to undergo a physical fitness test and to join at the earliest possible date. The applicant will be on 6 months' probation in the first instance.

Applications which should be addressed to the undersigned should give full details of age, qualifications and previous experience and should be accompanied by copies of testimonials which will not be returned. Persons already in employment must apply through their employers.

Applicants must not be over 40 years of age.

Canvassing in any form will be a disqualification.

B. O.
F. D. BANA,
M.B., M.R.C.S., D.P.H., D.T.M., & H., J.P.,
Administrative Medical Officer,
Bombay Port Trust.
(9233)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
COTTON TEXTILES DIRECTORATE, BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR GENERAL, Cotton Textiles, P-12, Sudama House, Ballard Estate, Bombay invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Stockings, Cotton Khaki officers —conforming to particulars of Specification No. C. S. 125(c).

Size 10 1|2"	400,000
" 11"	800,000
" 11 1|2"	400,000
Total :—	1,600,000

Tender No. SYCX-2300|2-P-12.

Price of Tender form etc. is Rs. 10|- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by M.O. to A.D.G., Cotton Textiles Directorate, Bombay quoting tender No. and remitters' full address on the coupon in case of Money Order. Tender forms are also available for sale in the Office of the Controller of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Lahore and Madras and the Chief Controller of Purchase (Supply) New Delhi and C.C.P.(M) Calcutta and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

Tenders will be received upto 26-8-42.

Two identical pairs of samples against this tender are required to be submitted by 22nd August 1942 positively. One sample should be sent to the Inspector of Textiles, Ahmedabad House Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, and the other sample should be sent to this office direct.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Administrative Officer Purchase Branch, Department of Supply, must state in their application for tender form the name of their Banker.

(9239)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

TENDER FOR ANSWER-BOOKS

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of Answer-books as detailed below, for the University Examinations in 1943.

5,00,000 (five lacs) answer-books (with a front page of instructions).

2,00,000 (two lacs) Graph Supplements.

Samples of the answer-book and graph supplement will be supplied on application.

The answer-books and the graph supplements must be delivered in bundles of 200 each, in wrappers of thick durable paper which shall be usbject to the approval of the undersigned. The charges for the wrappers, if any, should be included in the quotation for answer-books.

The paper to be used for the answer-books and graph supplements should be of uniform thickness and at least 17 lbs. double foolscap cream laid, of good quality, and of INDIAN MANUFACTURE. The size of the answer-books and the graph supplements should be in accordance with the sample.

Quotations should be forwarded to the Registrar, University of Bombay, Esplanade Road, Bombay, in SEALED COVERS superscribed "Tenders for Answer-books" so as to reach him not later than the 31st August 1942. Quotations SHOULD BE GIVEN PER 1,000 ANSWER-BOOKS AND 1,000 GRAPH SUPPLEMENTS. Further information can be had from the undersigned. The University does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 1st August, 1942.
(9231)

Public Notices

WANTED

Complete Block-Making Plant Wanted by
SUN PROCESS WORKS LTD.
Phone: 24435, P.O. Box 3593
Bombay. 4. (9248)

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LD.

WANTED for the Jamshedpur Technical Institute one DRAWING TEACHER on a salary of Rs. 100|- per month in the grade of Rs. 100-10|2-150 per month with benefits of Provident Fund. Candidates should possess a degree or diploma in mechanical engineering and have worked in a Drawing Office with an Engineering firm. Preference will be given to those having teaching experience.

The selected candidate will be on probation for six months. Applications, superscribed 'Drawing Teacher' with full details of age, general and technical education and copies of not more than three testimonials should reach the Superintendent of Training, Jamshedpur Technical Institute, Jamshedpur, on or before the 20th August 1942.

(9241)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DADABHOY TEMULJI PATEL of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, charge, trust, maintenance, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land with the messuage tenements standing thereon, situate on and being Plot No. 125 of the Sopari Baug Estate of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay in Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 717 Sq. Yds., and forming part of land bearing New Survey No. 2577 and Cadastral Survey No. 68|74 of Parel-Sewri Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 14 (F) Ward No. 560 (1) Street No. 253-59A, 21-29 Sopari Baug Road and Road No. 4 and bounded on the East by the land of the Bombay Municipality laid out as the Service Passage, on the South by plot No. 126 of the said Estate, on the West by Sopari Baug Road and on the North by a Road 20 ft., wide.

Dated this 1st day of August, 1942.
GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

9244.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION

George VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of SURAJRAM DALPATRAM MAHETA alias SURAJRAM DALPATRAM MEHTA alias SURAJRAM DULPATRAM MEHTA alias S. D. MEHTA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, who was employed in Sassoon Silk Mills, Ltd., Bombay and who resided at the time of his death at Borivli in the Bombay Suburban District.
..... Deceased.

(1.) PRAGJI JIVANJI DESAI, (2.) HARIDAS DHANJI MULJI, (3.) JAMNABAI, widow of Manchhashanker Vasanji, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, the executors and executrix named in the Will of the deceased abovenamed respectively residing at Vithalbhai Patel Road and Kalbadevi Road outside the Fort of Bombay and at Borivli in the Bombay Suburban District.
..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 25th day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-two and in the sixth year of our reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN SWAMI AYAR.
(Sd.) G. G. MAHADEVIA,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

The 25th day of July, 1942.
Messrs. AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
(9235)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY
Mechanical Department

EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

WANTED CANDIDATES to fill 3 temporary posts of LABORATORY ASSISTANTS. Pay Rs. 100|- fixed. Age between 23 and 30 years. Besides being graduates in Science the candidates must have experience in analytical work of metals both ferrous and non-ferrous; oils and cements etc. Candidates should be physically fit generally; distant vision as tested with Landolt's split rings must not be less than 6.9 in one eye and 6.12 in the other eye with or without glasses and the admissible myopia not more than 4 D. Full particulars and form of application obtainable from the Chief Mechanical Engineer, G.I.P. Railway, Parel, Bombay, on payment of Re. 1|- by money order (stamps or postal orders will not be accepted). Full name and address of applicant should be entered in block capital letters on money order coupons Last date for receipt of money order is 17-8-42. Candidates called for interview should attend entirely at their own expense. A call to attend interview will not imply offer of definite employment.

(9232)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY AT DR. VIEGAS STREET (OLD CAVEL STREET).

Under instructions from Messrs. Thakordas and Co., Attorneys for Bai Trivenibai widow of Champaklal Chotalal and Chandrakant Champaklal the Transferees of Mortgage, and on account and at the risk of Tulsidas Harjivandas and Dwarkadas Harjivandas the mortgagors, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction TO-DAY MONDAY the 3rd August, 1942, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned property at the premises:—

All that piece of Fazandari land admeasuring about 99 Sq. Yds. with dwelling house, standing thereon and situate at Cave St. now known as Dr. Viegas St. bearing Cadastral Survey No. 765 Bhuleshwar division Municipal "C" Ward No. 3891 St. No. 159 and 12 and bounded on the East by property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 764 on the West by No. 766 on the North by a public passage and on the South by No. 755.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above mentioned Solicitors at No. 38 Nanabhai Lane Fort or the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

IN 13TH WEEK
IF YOU SEE IT ONCE your heart will not rest unless you see it again!
PRAKASH'S SWEET ENTERTAINER
Station Master
Daily: 3-30,: 6-30, 9-30
Sat., Sun: 12-45 p. m.
MINERVA
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

"THE COURSE OF LOVE NEVER RUNS SMOOTH!"
THAT WAS THE EXPERIENCE OF INDER NATH
in
MINERVA'S
Sweet Entertainer with the 'Violin-Touch'
PHIR MILENGE
Director:—SOHRAB MODI
Cast:—SARDAR AKHTAR, SADIQ ALI, MEENA, K. N. SINGH
Daily:—3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
3RD WEEK AT
CENTRAL
(AN EVERGREEN RELEASE)

SONG, DANCE and DRAMA
Co-starred with
MUMTAZ SHANTI and ULLHAS
in
BOMBAY TALKIES'
BASANT
with Mumtaz Ali, Pramila, Suresh, P. F. Pithawalla
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC

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MUQABLA
NADIA and YAKUB
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SUPER

A HIRED DADDY
3rd WEEK And a Hired Sonny ....! ROMP THROUGH
THIS Rollicking Comedy!
ACHARYA ARTS'
'KUNWARA BAP'
Starring:
KISHORE SAHU
PROTIMA DAS GUPTA,
ANJALI DEVI, BABY LAL,
Daily: 4-15, 7 & 10 p.m.
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REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
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in the ALL-INDIA Record-Breaker.....
SON OF FURY

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INSIDE: PLEASANT & COOL
NEED NOT BE DISAPPOINTED
Write to us your requirements of fans. Despite the untold difficulties in getting raw materials and the factory being over busy with Govt. contracts—we assure you of our best efforts to meet your requirements.
VARIOUS MODELS TO CHOOSE FROM A.C. or D.C.
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MAZDAZNAN CONCERT

MONTHLY MAZDAZNAN CONCERT is fixed for MONDAY, the 10th August instead of 3rd August. Noted Artists, Fine Music, pleasing entertainment. Mazdaznan Hall, Industrial Assurance Building, Opp. Churchgate Station at 6 p.m. FREE. All are cordially invited.

NONE DISSATISFIED

Why Should You ? My Experience

PRIDE OF INDIA.

WORLD-FAMOUS DR. & HAKIM

is somewhat worth noting. I was a victim of a deadly disease. It completely wrecked my health. The world seemed to me not worth living in. I spent a lot of money to get cured. I tried several Doctors and Hakims. The disease however was not cured. It actually became worse probably due to wrong treatment. But one day I over-heard two friends praising. World-famous doctor and Masi-Ul-Zarina Hakim. M. A. Bux M.D.H. & T.H.A. first class Gold Medalist & M.B.B.S.H. (America). I got interested in their talk. I determined to consult him, and oh, what a nice decision was that? He examined me carefully and assured me that my disease, though chronic, could be cured within a couple of weeks. Believe me, within the first few days of his treatment my disease began to disappear as if by magic, and before two weeks were over, I experienced for the first time the thrill of youthful vigour. I will advise therefore all those who have taken other treatments but to no avail, to consult Dr. M. A. Bux, whose popularity is spread all over.

(Sd) A. N. Kulkarni, Bombay.

Dr. M. A. Bux is available at WORLD FAMOUS SWADESHI DISPENSARY, Manu Mansion, Near Sandhurst Road Tram Terminus, Bombay 4.

Time 8 to 12 and 4 to 8.

Note :—Beware of imitation advts. Open on Sundays also.

Gripped by STOMACH PAINS!

YOU need not be!

That pain is Nature's Warning that there is an inflamed spot in your stomach . . . perhaps an ulcer where excess acid has bitten into your stomach lining. Take

MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER

This wonderful remedy—containing the four alkalies prescribed by noted British Hospitals, ends INDIGESTION, Neutralises the Acid, allays Pain, soothes Inflammation, allows ulcerated surfaces to heal! No more Flatulence, Heartburn, Sickness or Palpitation.

Sold in bottles and also in cartons containing separately wrapped doses.

WARNING!

Avoid inferior substitutes. Look for the signature of Alex. C. Maclean which appears on every package.

PREPARED ACCORDING TO A SPECIALLY SELECTED FORMULA

MACLEAN Brand Stomach Powder

NONE IS GENUINE MACLEAN BRAND WITHOUT THIS SIGNATURE

Alex. C. Maclean

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 7, 1898
Muslim: Rajab 29, 1361.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 3, 1311.
Sunrise: 6-17 a.m. a.m. Sunset: 7-12 p.m.
Hightide: 4-29, 16-26. Lowtide: 9-15, 23-02

THURSDAY, AUGUST 6.

Denabank, opening of Bhuleshwar Brigade (Opp Rammandir) and Dadar Brigade (Opp: Kohinoor Cinema).

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15 5-45 and 9 p.m.
METRO—"The Bugle Sounds" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Honky Tonk" 4, 6-30 and 10
SWASTIK—"Mata" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Kunwara Bap" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Saugand" 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Son of Fury" 4 6-30 and 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"Joan of Paris" 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Station Master" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Basant" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Phir Milenge" 3-30, 5-30 and 9-30 p.m.
EDWARD—"Asra" 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
AURORA—"Bharat Milap" 3-45, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
PARADISE—"This Woman is Mine" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"The Big Store" 4, 6-30 and 10
HINDMATA—"Sikandar" 4-15, 7 and 9-45
CHITRA—"Sister" 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Khan Daan" 3, 6 & 9
PLAZA—"Bharat Bhet" 3-45 6-45 and 9-45
OPERA HOUSE—"Tamanna" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CITY LIGHT—"The Kick" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Sangam" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ankh-Michowli" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Birth of a Baby" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
PRAKASH—"Vidyapati" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

A.I.C.C. TICKETS.

Visitors Tickets to the A.I.C.C. meeting can be had from the Village Industries Emporium Matunga.

DENABANK: Devkaran Nanjee Bank are opening two more Branches of their Bank on Thursday, the 6th August 1942: one at Dadar (Opp. Kohinoor Cinema) and another at Bhuleshwar. (Opp. Ram Mandir). The Denabank will now have 11 offices.

GUMASTAS' MEETING—A public meeting of the Gumastas of Grant Road, Nal-Bazar, etc. will be held at the office of Gumasta Maha Mandal at 10 a.m. to-day (Monday). Com. G. G. Mehta will preside.

P.V.B. FIRST AID CLASS: On behalf of 'D' Ward P.V.B., Dr. J. M. Doctor, will conduct a 'First Aid Class' at 51 Banganga, Walkeshwar at 9 p.m. today (Monday) Those who desire to undergo training should be present at the time of the class.

'A' WARD P. V B.: The training classes of all the Rescue Volunteers will be held regularly at A.R.P. Head quarters Council Hall on Monday at 6-15 p.m., on Wednesday at 7 a.m., on Friday at 6-15 p.m.

POTASH SALTS: Under the auspices of the Technological Association of University of Bombay, Dr. Mata Prasad will deliver a lecture on "Extraction of Potash Salts from Natural Brines," today (Monday) at 5-30 p.m. in the lecture-room of the Department of Chemical Technology, University of Bombay.

NATIONS' WORLD FEDERATION: Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, T. S., Mr. Maurice Frydzmann will lecture in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty, today (Monday) at 6-30 p.m (S.T.) on "World Federation of Nations."

NATIONAL KANNADA EDUCATION SOCIETY: The National Kannada Education Society, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore has sanctioned a handsome grant to the National Kanada Education Society for this academical year.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting in the Corporation Hall today (Monday) at 3 p.m. (B.T.).

A. R. P. DEMONSTRATION.

(From A Correspondent.)

A lecture on the duties of a warden as well as of the public in case of an air-raid, was delivered by Dr. Miss Olive Joseph in the St. Xavier's High School hall. The lecture was followed by a demonstration of putting out an incendiary bomb.

Dock Workers' Demands

A general body meeting of H.M.I. Dock Yard Workers' Union was held on Saturday evening at Elphinstone Circle Garden when Mr. James Bello presided.

Mr. Benram D. Mistry the General Secretary of the Union in the course of his speech stated that no response had yet been received from the Government of India regarding the compensation claimed for the heirs of the persons killed during the last April disturbances and getting back into the service men discharged during the same. Mr. Nimbkar had also assured the workers that adequate measures would be taken to compensate the damage sustained during the happenings.

Sir Homi Mehta Wants To Oppose C. D.

BOMBAY, August 2.

Sir Homi Mehta in course of statement says:—

As President of the Democratic Union, I appeal to you all to close up your ranks and be prepared to fight Mr. Gandhi's call to mass Civil Disobedience.

APPEAL TO OTHER PARTIES.

I appeal to the members of the National Democratic Union, the Muslim League, Harijans, Hindu Mahasabhas, National Liberals and the Communists to close up their ranks and put up a real fight to undo what Mr. Gandhi threatens to do. I implore the Presidents of the aforesaid parties to call an urgent meeting to devise ways and means to fight this insane move of the Congress.—A. P.

At Present Mayoralty Is Only A Shadow, Says Meherally

BOMBAY, August 2.

"To-day you honour me as Mayor of Bombay. Who knows I might not be sent to jail after fifteen days? Mayoralty under the present circumstances is only a shadow. Unless India is free there cannot be real mayoralty in India." observed Mr. Yusuf Meherally, Mayor of Bombay, addressing the members of the General Motor Workers Union on the occasion of a tea party given by the Union this morning in the Jinnah Hall in his honour.

Continuing Mr. Meherally said: "Unless there is a Union the grievances of workers cannot be redressed. Union is not only an asset to workers but is also an asset to employers. Functions of a Union are not only to get grievances redressed, but the members should devote their time to social welfare as well."

Concluding Mr. Meherally said: "But unless there is political power in our hand the lot of workers cannot be improved and no Union can function effectively."

A-I STATES' PEOPLES' CONFERENCE: The Secretary of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference, Wardha, (C.P.) writes: The All-India States' Peoples' Conference office has issued invitations to all Presidents of Prajamandals who are not already members of the Standing Committee to attend the meeting of the Committee at Bombay beginning on August 5. The Committee meets at Birla House, Mount Pleasant Road, Bombay.

KARNATAK STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION: The amalgamation between the Kanara Students' Union and the Karnatak Vidyarthi Sangha was celebrated at a joint Committee meeting of the two respective Unions. The amalgamated institution has been named as "The Karnatak Students' Association" which will function from August, 1942. The following were appointed as office-bearers of the Association:—Shri. H. N Shetty, President, Shri S. D. Kanchan, Vice-President, Shri P. S. Shetty, Gen. Secretary, Shri. H. N. Kotian, Asst.. Secretary, Shri R. D. Mendon, Treasurer.

GOVT. AGRICULTURAL HIGH SCHOOL: The syllabus of studies for Government Agricultural High Schools sanctioned by the Bombay Government in 1941 has been amended. A detailed course in practical geometry has now been laid down for Standards VI and VII to ensure that the surveying work is done on right lines and on a uniform basis in all such schools. Copies of the amendments can be had from the Manager, Yeravda Prison Press, Poona.

BOMBAY CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION: The Executive Committee of the Bombay Civil Liberties Union supports the memorials to the Governor of Madras for the commutation of death sentences passed on Mathil Appu, Kumhambu Nair, Chiru Vendan and Abokar in the Kayyur Rioting case. The resolution was passed at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the B.C.L.U., on 31st July.

ALL INDIA RADIO MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION: The following office-bearers have been selected for the current year by the Committee of the All-India Radio Merchants' Association, Sir Rahimtoola M. Chinoy, remaining as a President:—Khan Bahadur Haji Hasanally P. Ebrahim and Mr. P. N. Shaw as Vice-Presidents, Mr. D. D. Wadia, Hon. Treasurer, Mr. L. S. Khushelani, Hon. Secretary, and Mr. P. R. Sitharam as Hon. Secretary.

ON THE AIR

MONDAY, AUGUST 3.

Delhi, I—Programme

(338.6 metres (886 kc/s.)

5 p.m. Abdul Latif Khan 5-20 Fani aur Bgar: 5-50 Chhoti Moti Bai of Benares. 6-25 Jawahi Hamna. 6-30 Benazir Bai of Jaipur. 6-45 Ghazlen aur geet. 7 Ghazal aur geet: 7-15 Between the lines. 3. 7-30 B. S. Rawat. 7-40 Chhoti Moti Bai: 7-45 It has happened 8 For the universities. 8-15 For villagers only. 9-50 B. S. Rawat. 10 Abdul Latif Khan. 10-15 Dadra aur mand 10-30 Chhoti Moti Bai:

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Sundra Bai. 7-50 News in Hindustani 8 News in English. 8-10 Nisar Ahmed. 8-25 M. G. Gokhale of Poona. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 [illegible] Ashtekar of Kolhapur. 9-20 Veena Desai:

[illegible] p.m. Devotional songs. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Instrumental music. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch-hour music. 4-20 p.m. School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 R. G. Ashtekar of Kolhapur. 5-20 Violin recital: 5-30 Veena Desai. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 M. D. Kelkar. 6 News in English. 6-10 Counter-attack. 6-15 News in Hindustani. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Nana ani Mani (Marathi). 7 Dhol ni pol. 7-15 You will like these. 7-30 Ratnamala Kaushik. 7-45 News commentary. (Marathi) 7-50 Air bhajan mandali. 8 Sundra Bai. 8-10 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Sports review. 8-45 Dot and dash. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 BBC news relay. 9-45 Listening post. 9-50 War review. 10 M. G. Gokhale. 10-20 Sundra Bai: 10-30 Ratnamala Kaushik.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Bhavgeets. 8 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 M. D. Kelkar. 9 Tulsidas bhajan. 9-10 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

4-20 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 to 8-10 As in Bombay 1. 8-10 M. G. Gokhale. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra: 9-10 Sundra Bai. 9-20 Ratnamala: 9-30 Joseph D'Lima: 9-40 Leslie Hutchinson. 10 Mehli Mehta and his sextette. 10-35 Hilda Flanders:

Kisan Council To Meet At Bombay On Aug. 22

BOMBAY, August 2.

Mr. Indulal Yagnik, President of All-India Kisan Sabha, has convened a meeting of the Central Kisan Council to be held at Bombay on August 22 and after to consider the general situation that might be created by the resolution of the All-India Congress Committee and other bodies as well as the political and economic policy pursued by the Central and Provincial Governments.—A. P.

NEXT SATURDAY

RANJIT'S

"MUST SEE" SOCIAL

ARMAN

Starring:

MOTILAL, SHAMIM, NAGENDRA, MIRA

Directed by:

KEDAR SHARMA

OPERA HOUSE

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Handbook No. 5. (India)—AIR RAID SHELTERS. February 1942; issued by Civil Defence Department. Price As. 7.

Handbook No. 9 (India)—PROTECTIVE WALLS. Issued by Civil Defence Department. Price As. 3.

Handbook No. 6. (India)—DOMESTIC AIR RAID SHELTERS. Part I Refuge Rooms. Issued by Civil Defence Department. Price As. 2.

A.R.P. Training Manual No. 1 (First Edition)—BASIC TRAINING IN A.R.P. Reprinted in India. Price As. 5.

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The Bombay Chronicle

WHY NOT NOW?

The mammoth meeting held on the Chowpatty sands on Sunday evening is a phenomenon which it will be unwise for Government to ignore. It symbolically demonstrates for the thousandth time the deep loyalty of crores of Indians to Congress and Gandhiji. It will be dangerous for Government to flout the Congress by banking upon the differences within it and between it and other political bodies. The internal differences regarding the precise demands to be made and the nature of the campaign to be started if the demands are not satisfactorily conceded are fast being composed, thanks largely to Gandhiji's explanation of his "Quit India" slogan by permitting the continuance of Allied troops in India to resist Japanese aggression. There are unmistakable signs of large sections of the country including workers and peasants and the youths rallying round the Congress banner. The British Government, therefore, should beware of dismissing the Congress demands as representing but a small part of the nation. Whatever may be the active support to any militant campaign, the demands of the Congress, as explained by the President and Gandhiji, are in substance similar to those made by many other political bodies in the country. If they are not substantially conceded at once, the inevitable result will be wide and acute discontent, whatever shapes it may take.

Just Demands

The Congress demands are not only widely supported but they are also eminently just. Britain herself professes to be willing to give complete freedom to India after the war and Mr. Amery has stated that His Majesty's Government firmly stand by the broad intention of the Cripps' offer. Now, that offer, so far as it referred to the final constitution, was subject to several vague reservations, apart from its other defects. And the endorsement of only its "broad intention" makes it vaguer still, and the fighting shy of a definite statement cannot but rouse suspicion about the real intention. For this and other reasons Congress and several other bodies will judge the "bona fides" of Britain's offer by the earnest she is prepared to concede immediately in the shape of war-time constitutional changes. The immediate setting up of a truly National Government is a universal demand. Moreover, such a Government is the best if not the only effective guarantee of maximum war effort by the people, both direct and indirect. This is admitted even by the Liberal Federation and the Non-Party Conference. In the latest issue of "Harijan" Gandhiji expresses his intense desire to make India's resistance to aggression throughly worthy of her. He says: "India is not playing any effective part in the war. Some of us feel ashamed that it is so, and what is more, we feel that if we were free from the foreign yoke, we should play a worthy, nay, a decisive part in the world war which has yet to reach its climax. We know that, if India does not become free now, the hidden discontent will burst forth into a welcome to the Japanese, should they effect a landing. We feel that such an event would be a calamity of the first magnitude. We can avoid it if India gains her freedom. Here is a sincere passionate plea for national freedom for the purpose of effectively serving a higher international cause which Britain has avowed. By granting India freedom Britain will best serve that very cause and also her own interests.

Objection Answered

The main objection to the Congress demand urged by its critics is the absence of an agreement with other parties and the consequent fear that Congress may dominate over other parties. Gandhiji considers this objection dispassionately and endorses the Congress President's suggestion that Britain may hand over power to the Muslim League or any other party provided it is real independence. That party will naturally have to seek the co-operation of other parties as no single party can function properly and thus there will be a National Government. The question naturally arises why such an agreement should not be made before Britain withdraws. But Gandhiji thinks "there is no hope of the parties coming together so long as they have to look, not to one another, but to an outsider for support and sustenance." We do not share this diffidence. If Congress feels strong enough to compel Britain to withdraw it can more confidently induce other parties to come to an agreement with it. Every possible attempt, therefore, should be made to ensure such an agreement, if only for the purpose of making a joint demand more irresistible.

Liberties Of The Press

The U.P. Press Conference held at Lucknow during the week-end under the presidentship of Mr. S. A. Brelvi is the first provincial conference to review the working of the Agreement arrived at between the Government of India and the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference in November, 1940. For the first time in India, as the President pointed out in his address, the Delhi Conference organised the entire press, irrespective of political differences, and "established the right of this organized Press to be heard with respect and effect whenever Government sought to interfere with the exercise of its functions." It also compelled Government to agree to the establishment of a machinery of consultation the working of which has, on the whole, been not wholly unsatisfactory and has enabled the Press, in some parts of the country at any rate, to safeguard, to a considerable extent, what little liberties have been left to it. On the whole, however, the Lucknow Conference is right in expressing the view that, while the Press Advisory System set up under the Delhi Agreement had done considerable good to the Press of India, it had not yielded the satisfactory result that were expected of it. It has accordingly requested the President and the Standing Committee for the Newspaper Editors' Conference to examine the working of the system with a view to early and radical changes. The Advisory system has practically broken down in the United Provinces "on account of the stern and unbending hostility of the local Government who were opposed to its creation in this province and had ever since disregarded the local Advisory Committee either by ignoring its recommendations or by not consulting it at all." The Conference has also justly condemned the policy of the U.P. Government in confiscating the security of the "National Herald" amounting to Rs. 6,000 and demanding a fresh security of Rs. 12,000 from the paper.

The position of nationalist papers all over India may be far difficult in the troublous times ahead than it has been so far. But the President rightly observed: "Just as the freedom movement has thrived on repression, so the Indian Press has grown in power and influence and, I have no doubt, will continue to grow increasingly powerful and influential in spite of repression. But this does not make it less our duty as journalists to be always vigilant, to organize ourselves and to carry on a sustained and vigorous campaign for the removal of the shackles that obstruct the Press in functioning as the guardian of the people's liberties and the exponent of their ideals and aspirations." We have no doubt the Standing Committee of the Editors' Conference will, with the assured support of the entire nationalist press in the country, take all possible steps to safeguard the liberties of the Press.

China's Peril

The arrival in Chungking of President Roosevelt's personal envoy, Mr. Lauchlin Currie, and increased activity by the American Air Force bring China and the Chinese front once more into prominence. When the Japanese launched their big offensive several weeks ago, China, virtually isolated from her Allies and miserably equipped, was threatened with a peril as grave as what Russia, for instance, is facing today. China, thanks to her own superhuman efforts, managed so far to stop it from developing. But that peril exists and it is as threatening as ever. And it would be dangerously premature to suggest that the Japanese have now decided to give up their offensive plans. For if they have withdrawn from certain sectors they have also, according to latest reports regarding Eastern Chekiang extended their operations in other. China remains a virtually besieged country and the Japanese may resume their great offensive any day.

That is why Mr. Currie's visit becomes important. Has he come to encourage Chungking with promises or to deliver at least part of the goods? He has declared that material for China is pouring into India and that the U.S.A. is determined to carry out its obligations to the Chinese front. For the last few weeks, the American Air Force in China has been doing a remarkably good job of work both defensively and offensively. And there are significant signs that it is beginning to extend its long arm. For instance, having shot down some twenty "zeros" when they attempted to raid an aerodrome on Friday and Saturday, the force itself carried out a surprise raid on Hongkong on Sunday, a raid which may possibly prove to have been fairly devastating. If all this means that U. S. A. aid has now begun to arrive in China on any appreciable scale, China can yet show, in the words of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, 100 per cent results not only for China but for the whole cause of the United Nations.

Frankly Speaking

Costly Adventure

General MacArthur's recent communiques report that the situation has been static for some days around Kakoda, the point which the Japanese had reached on the route to Port Moresby. But while the American Commander has not done more than hold up the enemy on land, his air force has been exploiting Japan's latest offensive move with results that must be painful to Tokio. Striking in a wide and extensive area, the Allied Air Force has during recent days damaged a cruiser north-west of New Guinea, sunk a ship and a floating dock in the Solomon islands, set ablaze a valuable transport evidently making for Buna, and destroyed several supply and munition dumps in the Buna village. Japanese efforts to strengthen their base with men and material is meeting with costly failure. Nor is this all. After a few minor and tentative attempts on Australian bases, the Japanese Air Force carried out a heavy attack on Port Darwin. Twenty-seven bombers and twenty-two fighters came for the great raid. It is confidently believed that seven bombers and thirteen fighters—no fewer than twenty out of forty-nine—did not return to their base. And this extraordinarily heavy blow was inflicted for the loss of a single American plane the pilot of which is safe! The last few days show that by taking the initiative, the Japanese have only obliged MacArthur with convenient targets, not excluding Guadalcanar, in the Solomon Islands which, some anxious correspondents believe, the Japanese are hastily preparing as an air base to support their next naval attack on Australia.

Japan's Difficulties

The truth is that, if American reports are correct, the Japanese are now unable to risk another Coral Sea adventure. Even apart from the fact that Allied strength in Australia has grown considerably since the Coral Sea battle, the Japanese have very nearly been crippled on sea. Their naval commitments, stretching from the Aleutians to New Guinea, the Dutch East Indies and Burma has extended enormously during the last eight months while their actual losses have been heavy. In the vital case of aircraft carriers their strength has been reduced to almost one third of the original. They started the war with not more than a dozen carriers or so. And an official announcement issued at Washington the other day claims authoritatively that since Pearl Harbour six Japanese aircraft carriers have been definitely sunk, one probably sunk and two damaged. This constitutes a blow from which it is difficult to see how Japan can recover, especially when faced with the productive resources of the U. S. A. It is significant in this connection that the Americans have just launched a big carrier, the "Essex", only fifteen months after her keel was laid. The Americans waked up only after Pearl Harbour and are now breaking record after record in the matter of production. It is, therefore, reasonable to expect that the superiority which they are fast establishing over the Japanese will gather further speed and volume every day.

Indian Journal Of Social Work

The June number of the "Indian Journal of Social Work," the quarterly organ of the Sir Dorabji Tata Graduate School of Social Work, Bombay, is well up to the high standard of excellence maintained by the magazine during the last two years of its existence. Notable among its articles are "Problems of Rescue and Reclamation of Women in the Province of Bombay" by Miss M. K. Davis, Founder and Superintendent of the Mahila Seva Gram in Poona, "The Juvenile Court" by Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate, "Family Disorganisation in War Time" by Dr. B. H. Mehta and "The Criminal in Prison and After" by Dr. J. M. Kumarappa. The present number also contains the report of the institution for the session 1940-42. Speaking generally, the magazine provides sound knowledge on our social problems and systematic practical guidance to serious social workers. Many of the articles have been separately published at as. 4 each and deserve serious study. Altogether, the magazine is a worthy effort and needs to be read by all interested in social service. Our only regret is that each issue costs as much as Rs. 2-8 as. But there is this comfort that each issue contains about 140 pages of excellent reading matter.

Gandhiji Assures Place For Princes In New India

BUT THEY MUST SHED THEIR AUTOCRACY AND BECOME PEOPLE'S TRUSTEES

AHMEDABAD, August 2.

"A kind of nervousness creeps over me as I think of the princes of India, although I have the privilege of knowing many and some even intimately" writes Mahatma Gandhi in the "Harijan."

He adds, "my nervousness arises from the painful knowledge that they are a creation of the British rulers. Though some of them preexisted before the British advent their existence thereafter depended upon the price the then incumbents paid for that commodity. The present incumbents are the sole creation of the Imperial Power. Its simple frown can undo them.

But they need not feel so helpless if they could consider themselves as an integral part of the Nation instead of being, as they are, an integral part of the imperial machine. If the machine topples, they may disappear unless they become part of and depend upon the nation.

The Empire is going either by the will of the British people or by the force of circumstances beyond their control. India shall not always be a slave country. Will the princes march with the times or must they remain tied to the Imperial chariot-wheel? If they take their courage in both their hands and make common cause with the nation, they can run the risk of dispossession.

A HEROIC STEP

This I admit is a heroic step. They can adopt the middle course. They may earn the goodwill of their people by sharing their powers with them. They will never be able to retain their absolutism for all time. They may certainly hope to retain much if they can secure the contentment and active co-operation of the people within their jurisdiction in the administration of ther own affairs. I think it is wrong of the princes to let their critics say of their people that they are too backward to deserve freedom. It is a reflection on them. The people in the states belong to the same stock as those outside their borders. The princes can lose nothing by being liberal. And they can lose everything by holding on to their autocracy.

For my part, I desire not abolition, but conversion of their autocracy into trusteeship, not in name but in reality. The arbitrary powers they enjoy should go. If the revolution is brought about by violence, the position will be reversed, but not altered for the better. With non-violence, i.e. conversion the new era which people hope for must be born. My approach and appeal are in terms of non-violence pure and undefiled. The French have a noble motto in liberty, equality, fraternity. It is a heritage not for the French only but for all mankind.

I may not leave a single stone unturned to avoid, if I can, what is undoubtedly a great risk. Hence this appeal.—A. P.

AMERICAN LABOUR AND INDIA

Support To Demand For Provisional Govt.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.

The National Council of the Congress of Industrial Organisations and Maritime Union has resolved that both the C. I. O. and the American Federation of Labour should establish working relationship with the All-India Trade Union Congress and has issued a plea for greater freedom for British India.

"We support the demand of the Indian people for a Provisional Government representative of all sections of the Indian people as a vital requisite for the total rallying of the entire Indian people for the people's war against the Axis. We call on our Government to make representation to the British Government that we consider India most vital potentially in the Far East and that the successful prosecution of the war demands the establishment of this Provisional Government and full and equal participation for India in the War Councils of the United Nations."—Reuter.

R. A. F. BOMBS OBJECTIVES IN BURMA

NEW DELHI, Aug. 2.

The Royal Air Force attacked an enemy base on Chindwin river in northern Burma last Friday. Among the objectives attacked were motor transport vehicles. Intense anti-aircraft fire was encountered, but bombs were dropped with effect, damaging roads and buildings.

From these operations our aircraft returned safely.—A. P.

NAZI ANTI-INVASION EXERCISES

VICHY, August 2.

Anti-invasion exercises have been taking place along Norway's west coast and particularly in the area of Kristiansund and southwest of Trondheim, a Stockholm dispatch to the Vichy Agency reported to-day.—Reuter.

Turkish Envoy To Vichy

ANKARA, August 2.

The Turkish Government has asked Vichy to agree to the appointment of M. Ali Haydar Aktay as Ambassador to Vichy. M. Aktay was until recently Ambassador in Moscow.—Reuter.

BR. STARS IN U. S. RESPOND TO ENGLAND'S APPEAL

NEW YORK: British film stars now in America declare they are ready to answer the British Government's appeal to all Britons in the United States to return home and help war effort.—Reuter.

"AN INVITATION TO FASCIST HORDES"

CALCUTTA, Aug. 2.

"The carefully drafted resolution of the last Working Committee held at Wardha and the clarifying statements by Mr. Gandhi and other big Congress bosses will, in the opinion of the Indian Federation of Labour (Bengal) serve the purpose of inviting the Fascist hordes who are awaiting an opportunity to subject the Indian people and specially the working class of India to the worst form of slave rule. Thus states a resolution adopted by the committee of the Indian Federation of Labour (Bengal).—A. P.

Sind Governor In Flood Area

Menace To Sukkur Due To Rise At Attock

KARACHI, Aug. 2.

While the flood situation in Upper Sind continues at the moment under control, it will need careful watching for the next few days, according to information in P. W. D. circles here.

H. E. the Governor of Sind, Sir Hugh Dow, made a personal survey of the flood affected area yesterday when he view there over for four hours. The Premier Khan Bahadur Allah Bux, and the Chief Engineer have again proceeded to the affected area.

MENACE CONTINUES

The authorities at Sukkur state that although the water is at present going down slowly, reports of rise in the river level at Attock lead to expectation that the effects of it will be felt at Sukkur within a few days. It is felt, however, that even if there be a rise in Sukkur once more, it will not reach the pitch the floods reached a week ago.

According to the P. W. D. Minister Pirazada Abdus Sattar, the flood water coming down the breaches in the Warah branch is expected to reach Behram Hathion station in two days, thereby endangering the railway line from Larkhana to Shahdadkote.

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, Congress leader, has sent a telegram to the Prime Minister urging adoption of drastic measures in order to close the breaches in all canals.—A. P.

MUSLIM STUDENTS START OWN UNION

Sequel To Allahabad University Flag Dispute

ALLAHABAD, August 1.

As a sequel to the flag controversy in the Allahabad University it is learnt that the Muslim students of the University at a meeting held in the Muslim boarding house have decided to form a separate Union of their own.

It may be recalled that the demands of the Muslim students included separate representation on the Allahabad University Union, permission to fly the Muslim League flag on the University building alongside the Congress Flag or in the alternative the refusal of the permission to any party flag.

The Muslim students have decided to cease to be members of the University Union and would be at liberty to apply for the formation of an association of their own.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, it is understood, will be requested to inaugurate the Muslim Union of the Allahabad University.—A. P.

"Red" Sportsmen Sound The Trumpet

MOSCOW, Aug. 2.

"Whip the Germans from the West". This was the call made to sportsmen of Britain and the United States at an Anti-Fascist Meeting of Russian sportsmen held at Moscow to-day. "The sooner you begin the annhilation of the hated enemy the sooner will victory be achieved". The meeting approved a resolution declaring "because there is no second front in Europe, the Germans can transfer their divisions from France, Belgium and Holland to the Soviet south.—Reuter.

CONGRESS NOT INVITING JAPS

Kher's Tribute To Lokmanya Tilak

POONA, Aug. 1.

The view that even after 22 years of the death of Loymanya Tilak his prophetic words that Self-Government and defence of a country were inseparable and complimentary to each other rang true and could justify the present stand taken by the Congress was expressed by Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay, at a crowded meeting at the Congress house this evening held to celebrate the 22nd anniversary of the death of the late Lokmanya Tilak.

In the course of his speech Mr. Kher paid glowing tributes to the sterling qualities of the late Lokmanya Tilak. Tilak was a fearless fighter and his whole life was a prolonged struggle against the alien Government and his own narrow-minded countrymen At a time when it was a crime to speak out against the Government Tilak strove to make his countrymen get over the inferiority complex and fight for a just and righteous cause. It was Tilak who first preached to the people to imbibe the spirit of resistance to foreign rulers, to cultivate the power of asserting their own will in a just cause.

Mr. Kher explained at great length the present attitude of the Congress and criticised those who blamed the Congress for its present policy. It was a gross libel to say that the Congress was in a mood to invite the Japanese. Until the glow of freedom was not lighted in the hearts of the people of the country it was too much to expect of them to resist the aggressors effectively, added Mr. Kher.—A.P.

MAHATMA OPENS HINDUSTANI TALIMI SANGHA BHAWAN

WARDHAGANJ, Aug 1.

"So far we could not produce better results in the basic education system, which has been introduced in Government-controlled institutions but we hope to achieve better in this Hindustani Talimi Sangha Bhawan as we have free scope here for research experiments and development in the seven years course prescribed under what is called the Wardha education system", declared Mahatma Gandhi while opening the Hindustani Talimi Sangha Bhawan (institution) in Sewagram.

Thirty all-India students have been selected for ten months training in the Bhawan.

"An institution founded on truth is bound to succeed. The world is based on truth. Truth is better than any other relig on God is truth and 'vice versa' Truth alone lives even though all things perish. I bless this institution whose guiding principle is stated to be truth and appeal you all to give your blessings and help it wholeheartedly".—A. P.

Contingent From Andhra

MADRAS, Aug. 2

A contingent of about 50 members from Tamil Nad and Andhra Desha will leave for Bombay about August 5 to attend the meeting of the A. I. C. C. commencing there on August 7.

The contingent will include Mr T Prakasam and Mr. Kamaraj Nadar, Presidents of the Andhra and Tamil Nad Congress Committees respectively. Mr. Kala Venkat Rao, M.L.A., General Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, Dr. P. Subbarayan, ex-Minister, and others.

It may be remembered that in Tamil Nad three A. I. C. C. members, Mr. Santhanam, Mrs. Subbarayan and Mr. Abdul Sattar recently resigned and there are about eight Communist members of the A. I. C. C. in Andhra and Tamil Nad.—United Press.

Azad Leaves For Bombay

CALCUTTA, August 2

The Congress President Maulana Abul Kalam Azad left for Bombay this evening by the B. N. R. Bombay Mail in connexion with the ensuing meetings of the Working Committee and the A. I. C. C.

Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh member of the Congress Working Committee, also left for Bombay by the same train.—A. P.

'QUAKE ROCKS NEW ZEALAND

WELLINGTON, (New Zealand) August 2.

An earthquake shook the whole of the southern part of North Island this morning. Considerable material damage was caused but no casualties have so far been reported.

The shock is believed to have been as severe as that of June 24, although it was shorter.

HEAVY DAMAGE

The damage caused in Wellington may run into hundreds of thousands of pounds, it is estimated by the city engineer in many cases of the town immediate demolition was considered necessary.—Reuter.

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 2,880 miles away was recorded at the Seismograph of the Colaba Observatory, Bombay, at 20-21 hours (I.S.T.) on Saturday, Aug. 1.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

"I write to ask that Christian people will at this time specially remember India in their prayers."
—The Archbishop of Canterbury in a letter to the "Times."

* * *

The "Daily Sketch" of London is convinced that "the course Mahatma (sic) Gandhi is recommending to the Indian people bears no relation to reality whatsoever."

And what relation to reality bears the course pursued by Britain?

* * *

"Mr. Aney was sure that at the present critical juncture Tilak would not have been far from his views he held during the last war."—Poona Message.

Is it the suggestion that he wouldn't have learnt anything from the last twenty years or so?

* * *

Mr. Aney—Yes, yes, the Hon'ble Mr. M. S. Aney—wants Gandhiji to convene a "conference of leading political parties in the country."

We wish Mr. Aney had also told Gandhiji who are to be the "leading political parties" and assured him that they would attend.

* * *

"We are fighting desperately in the cause of freedom"
—His Excellency the Governor of Bihar.

And "we" don't lack the weapons either, do "we"?

* * *

In a speech at Glasgow, Sir M. Azizul Haque declared as one of the fundamental teachings of Islam that Muslims should "have a proper conception of social, economic and political problems and not to be carried away with an ideaistic impulse."

A fiat should be issued by the Muslim League denouncing Sir Azizul Haque's authority to speak on fundamental teachings of Islam

* * *

In his nominations to "my Working Committee" the Qaide-Azam has omitted the name of Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan.

The event is certainly worth sitting up and taking notice. But important developments are not expected.

* * *

Sir Homi Mehta has found a devastating argument against Mahatma Gandhi. "Now I ask you", says Sir Homi, "suppose if Mr. Gandhi was living in England would he enjoy the freedom he does in this country? Certainly not."

Mahatma Gandhi would only be too pleased to exchange his Indian's freedom in India for the Englishman's slavery in England. Sir Homi had better think again, time and emotion permitting.

* * *

On the night of Dusseldorf, Berlin too had an alert lasting for about 45 minutes.

Optimistically speaking we would suggest that American pilots were having a preparatory look round.

* * *

A British paper, quoting facts and figures, has arrived at the conclusion that Russia's losses in manpower and productive resources are by no means as serious as they are supposed to be.

All right.

Nevertheless a second front is not undesirable, if only to please the foolish Russians.

* * *

"I hadn't been talking to the fellow for more than five minutes when he called me an ass."
"What caused the delay?"

VIZZY SUGGESTS 'VIA MEDIA' TO TIDE OVER CRISIS

Maharajkumar Sir Vijaya of Vizianagram, M.L.A., President, Andhra Mahasabha, and President, U.P Kshatriya Mahasabha, has issued the following statement:—

Ever since the Congress resolution was passed, propaganda has taken the shape of tom-toming and shouting from house-tops that 'Quit India' means that every Britisher should leave the country. As expected, this resolution has been given an incorrect interpretation, whereas, a little heart-searching will reveal that 'Quit India' means, quit politically and not individually or collectively and stay in this country as friends either on a basis of a treaty or a pact; but, alas! Radio broadcasts have reached feverish heights putting the Congress in the wrong.

Not a single party or section in our country gave any 'Shabashi' to Cripps' proposals, and yet Sir Stafford's broadcast to America telling them, more or less, that these school-boys are getting a little too jumpy and as a matter of discipline their ears have got to be wrung. I have had the privilege of Sir Stafford's friendship both in England and recently in India and my answer to his broadcast is that there should be a signed declaration by His Majesty's Government and counter-signed by President Roosevelt and Generalissimo Marshal Chiang Kai-Shek, that India is henceforth an ally of the United Nations and not a dependent any more

The Half-Column
By "Dim."

We are entering one of the most momentous weeks in the history of India—a week in which the destiny of the Congress will also be shaped. Although it is said by many observers that the decision of the All-India Congress Committee is more or less a foregone conclusion, I have reason to believe that as a result of happenings which are likely to take place during the coming week, there may be unexpected surprises in store for us. I have felt all along that Pandit Jawaharlal was feeling uncomfortable about the stand taken by the Congress. His press conference showed that he, like the Maulana, was so eager to be spared the going-through with the resolution. I think the Pandit feels, even as many of us do, that this move will consciously or unconsciously give an advantage to the Axis and that the cause of the Allies, other than Britain, would suffer thereby. That is my reading of the attitude of Jawaharlal and the Maulana.

* * *

I may be wrong but whatever may be told to us, this decision of the Congress has been arrived at after much discussion, discussion that has verged on disagreement. The disagreement is not as to the goal but the approach. Therefore, I regard the present position of the Congress as a compromise. I feel that the Mahatma wants to go much further and that he carries with him men like Vallabhbhai Patel, Kirpalani and Rajendra Babu. On the other hand Jawaharlal and Maulana tend to take a more realistic view and realise that this time the Congress move is not a 100 per cent clear.

* * *

I have also reason to believe that Currie, Roosevelt's personal envoy to China, will be drafted to cover the Indian situation and my reading of the situation is that he will keep the President well informed so as to avert civil disobedience. I think America has moved from the position when it regarded India as a local problem of the British Government. Once before the U.S. said to Great Britain that if Britain wanted a loan, it should put its house in order. And Britain did. I think America could say that again to Britain, viz., that if it wanted American aid in this war, Britain should solve the deadlock in India and it would be solved.

ANEY'S APPEAL TO GANDHIJI

POONA, August 1.

An appeal to Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress to take up the lead in the present critical situation of the country and convene a conference of leading political parties in the country with a view to presenting a united demand was made by the Hon. Mr. M. S. Aney, Overseas Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council speaking at the death anniversary of the late Lokmanya Tilak at the Tilak Smarak Mandir this afternoon.

Continuing Mr. Aney paid tributes to the unflinching patriotism, practical sagacity and brilliant statesmanship of Tilak who, though, he had unquestionably the largest political following in the country during his lifetime, had always the larger interests of the country at heart and was ever ready to compromise party prestige to the genuine interests of the country. In order to obtain the largest measure of common agreement with other political parties, he was prepared to go to any length and never made a fetish of party prestige.

Referring to the probable attitude of Tilak if he were alive today, Mr. Aney said during the last war, Tilak was in the forefront in advising his countrymen to join the country's Defence Forces in large numbers and thus galvanise the martial spirit of the country. He was of the opinion that opportunities which were ordinarily denied to the people and which presented themselves in times of Britain's difficulties should be forthwith seized and utilised for the good of the country.

Mr. Aney was sure that at the present critical juncture Tilak would not have been far from his views he held during the last war.

Tilak was a firm believer in the integrity and the indivisibility of India. This was amply shown by his attitude towards the plan of the partitioning of Bengal.—A. P.

Demonstrations Against Mr. Masani

AHMEDABAD, August 2.

Pandemonium prevailed at a public meeting held this evening in the Premabai Hall when Mr. R. P. Masani, Provincial leader of the National War Fornt inaugurated the front in Ahmedabad. Shouts of "Inquilab Zindabad" and "Masani Go Back" were raised during the proceedings obstructing the speeches. There was a stampede when Mr. Masani left the meeting. Civic Guards and police escorted Mr. Masani out of the hall.—A.P.

GANDHIJI'S REPLY TO 'THREATS OF SUPPRESSION'

CONGRESS HAS THRIVEN ON OPPOSITION

"No Objection To Handing Over Power To League"

AHMEDABAD, August 1.

"The chorus of indignation from Great Britain and America with which the Working Committee resolution on the contemplated mass action has been greeted and the veiled or open threats which it has hurled at the Congress will not deter the Congress from its purpose. Hitherto it has thriven on opposition and attempts at suppression. It will not be otherwise this time". Writes Mahatma Gandhi in the "Harijan".

He adds: "The suppression, of which perhaps the hysterical outburst in America and Great Britain is a precursor, may cow down the people for the moment but it will never put out the light of revolt once it has been lighted.

"The Daily Herald" and the Labour Party have excelled all other critics in exaggeration and abuse. How nice it would have been if they had taken the trouble to understand the Congress demand.

JUSTICE OF CONGRESS DEMAND

The justice of the demand for the ending of British power has never been questioned, the moment chosen for enforcing it is the target of attack. It is clear as crystal in the Working Committee resolution, why this moment is chosen. Let me paraphrase it. India is not playing any effective part in the war. Some of us feel ashamed that it is so and, what is more, we feel that if we were free from the foreign yoke, we should play a worthy, nay, a decisive part in the World War which has yet to reach its climax. We know, that if India does not become free now, the hidden discontent will burst forth into a welcome to the Japanese, should they effect a landing. We feel that such an event would be a calamity of the first magnitude. We can avoid it if India gains her freedom. To distrust this simple, natural and honest declaration is to court disaster.

AZAD'S STATEMENT CITED

But the critics say: "To whom are the British rulers to hand the keys on their withdrawal? "It is a good question. Here is what Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President has said: "The Congress always stands, firstly for sympathy towards Democratic countries, secondly, never desires to embarrass Britain and war efforts, and thirdly, it stands for opposition to the Japanese aggression. The Congress does not desire to take power for itself but for all. If real power is handed over to the Congress, surely it will approach other parties and will persuade them to join." The Congress President added that he "had no objection to Britain handing over power to the Muslim League or any other party provided it was real independence. That party will have to approach other parties as no single party can function properly without the co-operation of other parties."

The only thing needful is to hand over complete control without reservation save that during the war period the Allied troops will operate to stem Japanese or Axis attack. But they will have no power of interference with the affairs of India which will be as free as Great Britain herself.

NOTHING TO CAVIL AT

Surely, there is nothing here to cavil at for anyone. That party or a combination which takes over control of India will have to look to the remaining parties for its retention of power. There is no hope of the parties coming together so long as they have to look not to one another but to an outsider for support and sustenance. Not one of the Viceroy's numerous Indian councillors are dependent upon anybody but the Viceroy for the positions they hold. How can the great or small representative parties operate without mutual support?

In a free India even the Congress could not function efficiently for a day without the support of the smallest party. For in a free India, at least for some time to come, even the strongest party will have no military backing. There will be no military to back. There will only be a raw police in the first stage unless the existing police will service the national government on its terms. But the support, such as it may be, free India will be able to render to the Allied cause, will be of a sterling character. Its possibilities will be limitless and there will be no motive left for welcoming Japanese arms.

On the contrary they will then look to the Allied arms to repel any Japanese or other attack, unless all Indians by then become non-violent. In any case, the Allied arms are there to-day and to-morrow and till the end of the war whether they are needed for India's protection or not.

If this presentation of the implications of the Congress demand is not appreciated by the Allies' press or the Allies themselves, Indian public men should be forgiven if they doubt the sincerity of the fierce opposition which is being organised with ominous unanimity. The latter can only stiffen India's suspicion and resistance.—A. P.

SARDAR WARNS BRITAIN

SURAT, August 2.

Let Britain only transfer power to Indian hands whether it is to the Muslim League or any other party and the Congress is prepared to dissolve itself, declared Sardar Patel, addressing a public meeting here. The Sardar added that the Congess was started with Independence of India as its main and only goal and once that was achieved, the body would willingly cease to function.—A.P.

RAJAJI DISCREDITS MADRAS RUMOURS

MADRAS, August 2.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari in a statement to the Press says: I have heard that rumours are being circulated in the city and elsewhere that on the 7th instant, there will be strikes and disturbances and some people are even stocking provisions against such a contingency. All this talk is silly nonsense. The only thing that is happening is a meeting of the Congress at Bombay on the 7th when they will discuss the political situation. People may rest assured that there will be no looting or rioting on the 7th or on any other day in the near future either in Madras or elsewhere.—A. P.

WORKERS' RALLY AT PAREL
Demand For Dearness Allowance

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Nearly 25,000 industrial workers of Bombay participated in a mass labour rally organised under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, in connection with the observation of "Dearness Allowance Day" at Kamgar Maidan, Parel, this evening. Mr. S. C. Joshi presided.

Mr. N. M. Joshi, proposed a resolution urging upon the Government the urgent necessity of taking the requisite step to secure to the workers a dearness allowance which would at least cover the actual rise in the cost of living ever since the outbreak of war and the same should be granted retrospectively, from January 1942.

Mr. Joshi addressing the gathering said that due to rapid rise in the cost of living the sufferings of the poorer classes had increased to a great extent. He regretted that the employers including the Government had either not granted any dearness allowance to their employees or had given it only on a very inadequate scale, which did not help them to meet the terribly increased present cost of living. He pleaded that the dearness allowance which should be automatically adjustable to the price fluctuations from month to month, should be granted to the workers.

The resolution was supported by Messrs. Bhalchandra Mehta, Randive, Khedgikar, Joglekar and others who exhorted the workers to make their Unions strong organisations and to put forth a united demand for the dearness allowance.

TWO E. BOATS DESTROYED

LONDON, August 2.

An Admiralty Communique issued to-day states: "A spirited and highly successful action took place in the English Channel last night between German forces and a patrol of our light coastal craft under the Command of Lieutenant Commander R. P. Hichens, which resulted in the destruction of two E-boats and damage to other units."—Reuter.

MASS ACTION IS SABOTAGE

Undue Stress On Minority Bogey Laid By Br. Paper

LONDON, August 2.

"The Sunday Times" in an editorial after briefly sketching the efforts to solve the Indian problem between the two world wars says: "Now comes Mr. Gandhi and his tragi-comic act. At his instigation the Congress Party Working Committee has adopted, subject to ratification by the All-India Committee, a resolution demanding immediate withdrawal of British Rule from India and threatening a mass movement of Civil Disobedience—that is sabotage—if the demand is not conceded. It is nothing to Mr. Gandhi and his followers that the savage and greedy foe is at their gates. The leader has a remedy. He will appeal to 'the better nature' of the Japanese which he alone has located. He will ask them to go away and be good and he will sign 'your friend and well-wisher.'

As for the rest of the Axis he will send missions to Rome and Berlin to explain the horrors of war to those who have lived for and dreamed of nothing else. In all the long history of diplomacy no sadder silliness has been conceived. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is comprehensively embarrassed by this negation, not only of statesmanship but of sense. He would be wiser to reason with or to repudiate Mr. Gandhi instead of merely scolding Sir Stafford Cripps for a perfectly reasonable broadcast.

SUPPORT TO AMERY'S STAND

Mr. Amery has done well solemnly to warn all those who stand behind the policy adumbrated by the Working Committee of the Congress that the Government of India will not flinch from their duty to take every possible step to meet the situation. He does equally well to reiterate that His Majesty's Government still 'stand firmly by the broad intentions of their offer' conveyed through Sir Stafford Cripps. Mr. Amery's statement is simple and leaves no room for misunderstanding. There is ground for hope that wiser counsels may prevail but they can now only prevail at the expense of Mr. Gandhi. Such is the dilemma into which he has got himself. As a politician he is bankrupt. It is fortunately true that some leading members of the Congress are closer to the politics that are practicable in India. Hope of an early settlement that can be worked, rests on their recognition that the problems of the minorities cannot be ignored."—Reuter.

"C. D. ADDS TO OUR BURDENS"
"Sunday Observer" On Amery's Menacing Statement

LONDON, August 2.

Mr. Amery's dry and somewhat menacing statement on India has brought some sharp criticism from better informed members of the House, states 'The Sunday Observer' which adds "that is all to the good. The bewildering policy of the Congress is no excuse for permitting the deadlock to continue by apathy or vague threats on this side. Mr. Gandhi and more especially his philosophy of non-violence still command a sizeable amount of Indian respect: Civil Disobedience and its consequences would immensely add to our burdens at this critical time: and it is idle to pretend that India while still a subject race can feel about freedom quite as we do. It is doubtful whether British authority in India, itself threatened, can produce an atmosphere of happy negotiation: Is it too much to hope that unofficial well wishers of India, men of liberal mind and wide experience, might be encouraged to travel and talk with Indian leaders? The right atmosphere must be created. In India the personal touch is enormously important."—Reuter.

Indian Christian Leaders See Gandhiji

WARDHAGANJ, August 1.

Mr. Ramchandrarao, President, Mr. Raelliram, Secretary, and Mr. Chetsingh member of the Executive Committee of the All-India Christians Council, met Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon when it is learnt they discussed the political situation in the country and Mahatma Gandhi's proposed movement and explained their attitude to it.

It is understood that they told Mahatma Gandhi that the movement would complicate matters at this juncture and that Hindu-Muslim unity should be achieved first.—A. P.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, August 1.

T.T. London On:—

New York Sellers,	4.02 1/2
New York Buyers,	4.05 1/2
Madrid Official,	40.5
Montreal Sellers,	4.43
Montreal Buyers,	4.47
Zurich, Sellers,	17.3
Zurich Buyers,	17.4
Stockholm, Sellers	16.85
Stockholm Buyers	16.95

SHORT COVERING IN N. Y. COTTON
Markets Awaits Bureau Report

Bombay, August 1.

The Department of Agriculture announced parity price as of July 15 cotton 18.86 unchanged from June 15.

The New York cotton market was erratic and easily influenced by small orders either way with further liquidation and light hedging meeting routine trade support. Lack of Washington developments together with a disposition to await initial Government estimate was restricting activity but latterly prices rallied on covering and scarcity of contracts.

The market opened quiet at a decline of 3 points for December at 18.22. Both high and low points were touched during the last hour being October 18 22 and 18.02. The market finally closed at a rise of 5 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 19.53c. per lb

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 7 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 9 points at 18.58c. per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state:—On Friday, cotton opened in a dis-spirited mood and the House of Commons debate on Indian issue brought about a breeding atmosphere on prospective Indian conditions. That forced an avalanche of liquidation and hedging against the old cotton stocks. This resulted in a panicky situation with a complete demoralised sentiment. At the lowest level, there was a sprinkling of buying by trade interests. A fall of Rs. 50 within a week is believed by public to be distressing but the difference between July Broach and Jarilla January at Rs. 152 was also thought by consumers as an artificial parity partly based on foreign imported growths. The parity has now narrowed down to Rs. 120 but even then, consumers continue indifferent as evidenced by the slackness in ready market. After the present drastic decline in Jarilla prices, confidence seems yet at a discount and the sentiment will sway "to and fro" on Indian political reports. Some upward reaction seems likely but it may prove to be shortlived until the Congress action is known.

All other markets were somewhat steady, especially shares, but continue leaderless in absence of any fresh incentives in internal politics.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (2-55 p.m.)	18.22+12
New York October lowest (2-2 p.m.)	18.02—06

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Market uncertain. Awaiting Washington developments.

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, August 2.
To-days Closing.

July,	
October,	18.11
December,	18.28
January,	18.33
Middling Spot,	19.48

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
To-days Closing.

July,	
October	18.29
December,	18.45
January,	18.48
Middling Spot,	18.49

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★ What, do you think, would happen to India if Britain were to be defeated?

★ Do the Japanese need raw materials?

★ Are many raw materials available in India?

★ Can you see any reason why the Japanese should not occupy India, if Britain were defeated?

★ Do you believe Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek when she says: "THEY WILL SAY 'WE COME TO LIBERATE YOU'—BUT IT IS A LIE"?

★ Do you think that the method suggested by the Congress Working Committee will keep the Japanese out?

ask your friends these questions

Think for yourself

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Regd. No. B 1065 Monday, August 3, 1942 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

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Press Advisory System Must Be Mended

U. P. Conference Suggests Deputation To Wait On Governor

LUCKNOW, August 1.

The second open session of the first U. P. Press Conference commenced at noon to-day Mr. S. A. Brelvi presiding and passed a number of resolutions.

The conference assured the Standing Committee of the Newspaper Editors Conference that it would give its full support in any action that it may deem desirable to take to preserve the liberties of the Press

U. P. GOVT.'S HOSTILITY TO PRESS.

The conference expressed the opinion that while the Press Advisory System set up under the Delhi Agreement had done considerable good to the Press of India it had not yielded the satisfactory results that were expected of it and requested the President and the Standing Committee of the Newspaper Editors Conference to examine the working of the system with a view to early and radical changes. The conference noted in particular that the Advisory system had practically broken down in the United Provinces on account of the stern and unbending hostility of the local Government who were opposed to its creation in this province and had ever since disregarded the local Advisory Committee either by ignoring its recommendations or by not consulting it at all

The Conference was further of the opinion that the system should be either mended or amended so far as this province was concerned. The conference offered its co-operation in this connection to make the advisory system more efficient and popular.

(1) If the present committee is enlarged in order to make it representative of the various sections of the Press and (2) If the Government of India and the standing Committee of the Newspaper Editors Conference insisted on a faithful observance of the cardinal principles of the system by the United Provinces Government who "had persistently and systematically flouted the Delhi Agreement and repeatedly violated their own assurances given to the Press Advisory Committee of this province."

"RESPECT DELHI AGREEMENT"

The conference strongly advised the Press of the province to respect the Delhi Agreement so long as it was in force between the Newspaper Editors Conference and the Goernment of India, subject, however, to the condition that the treaty between the Press and the Government was of universal application throughout India, and that it shall not be permitted to a provincial government to set it at naught in any particular province for so-called reasons of state.

After lunch, the conference discussed the resolution relating to the Advisory system moved by Mr. Ramarao. The conference expressed the opinion that all Press advising should be done at the Headquarters of the Provincial Government and suggested that district correspondents should have freedom to send their copy direct to newspapers and leave it to their editors' discretion to use it in the manner they pleased.

The conference felt that it should be open to any editor to make a reference to the Chief Press Adviser when he thought necessary to do so. Press advising was an all India matter, the resolution continued, and it should not be open to a provincial government to make use of the machinery of Press advising to suppress the publication of matters they find inconvenient to themselves.

The conference further was of the opinion that news agencies should be allowed to do their work in the usual course without precensorship or any special obligation to submit copy to Press-advising before release. It should be left to editors to use their discretion in the use of the news items coming before them.

The resolution was adopted.

By another resolution the conference viewed "with grave apprehension the rapid deterioration of the situation in regard to newsprint and printing paper of every variety" and felt that unless far-reaching steps were taken by the Government many of the smaller and poorer newspapers which had been doing a great public service would have to close down.

The resolution was passed.

The conference concluded this evening after adopting eight more resolutions.

The conference suggested that the Standing Committee of the U. P. Conference may send a deputation to wait on the Governor of the United Provinces at an early date in order to obtain acceptance of the demands made by the Conference.

By another resolution, the Conference congratulated Mr. Devadas Gandhi, Managing Editor of the "Hindustan Times" on "his action in declining to avail himself of the option of paying a fine and undergoing imprisonment instead because a similar option was denied to the paper's correspondent at Meerut.

The conference condemned the policy of the U. P. Government in confiscating the security of the "National Herald" amounting to Rs. 6,000 and demanding a fresh security of Rs. 12,000 from the paper. —A. P.

TEN LAKHS FOR GANDHI JAYANTI

All-India Collections For Khadi Work

CALCUTTA, August 2.

On the occasion of Mahatma Gandhi's seventy-fourth birthday which comes off on October 2, the All-India Spinners' Assosiations are thinking of presenting the Mahatma with a purse of Rs. 1,000,000 the sum, when collected, will be utilised for the development of the production of Khadi in the country.

The Bihar branch of the Association has arranged for the collection of a sum of Rs. 74,000, the Gujerat branch twice that sum and the Bombay branch five times as much. In Bengal attempts are being made to collect at least a sum of Rs. 74,000.

COMMUNISTS & CONGRESS

"They Cannot Continue To Remain On Elective Committees"

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 1.

"The question has been raised repeatedly as to the position of Communists and others who disagree with the basic policy of the Congress, continuing to remain in elective Congress Committees", says Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Acting President of the U. P. P. C. C. in a statement to the Press. In any event he says a clear direction has to be given to Congressmen and Congress Committees and adds:—

"Communists and the Communist Party are perfectly entitled in their individual and group capacities to adopt any policy they like, whether one agrees with them or not. We are only concerned with them as Congressmen, and more particularly with them as members of Congress Executive Committees. It is manifestly wrong and absurd for anyone to be a member of an executive when he is opposed to the basic policy of that executive.

Most of our district and local Congress Committees have no Communist members and have thus no such problem to face. A few committees have possibly some Communist members.

As the A. I. C. C. is meeting soon to adopt finally the policy which the Congress will pursue in the immediate future, it is not my desire to lay down any rule at this stage which will automatically exclude Communists.

So far, our policy has been to take action against individual Congressmen who clearly and deliberately offend against the Basic Congress policy. It must be definitely understood, however, that whatever the final decision of the A. I. C. C. may be, it must be given effect to by all Congressmen, and no Congressman can carry on propaganda or agitation against it, in particular any Congressman who is a member of any Congress Executive cannot do so. In the event of his doing so, he will automatically cease to be a member of that Executive.

Even meanwhile, it is desirable that those Congressmen who disagree basically from the present Congress policy should not continue to remain in any executive of the Congress. To remain there is not fair either to the Congress or to themselves. In no event can they be sanchalaks of any committee, district, city, town tahsil or mandal.

What I have said applies to all those who are opposed to Congress policy whether they are members of the Communist Party, the Forward Bloc, or any other group, or disagree fundamentally in their individual capacities.—A. P.

Ruikar's Plea To Stand By Congress

(From A Correspondent)
NAGPUR (By Mail).

Mr. R. S. Ruikar, former President of the All-India Trade Union Congress in the course of a press statement says:—

Whatever may be the attitude of Mahatma Gandhi towards Subhas Chandra Bose or the A. I. F. Bloc, I appeal to my earstwhile colleagues of the Forward Bloc, to the millions of down-trodden, oppressed and poverty-stricken workers and peasants of India, to our youths and students to close up our ranks and stand united behind the Indian National Congress.

"QUIT INDIA" SLOGAN QUITE CORRECT

PASSIVITY ON OUR PART AT THIS HOUR OF PERIL WOULD BE SUICIDAL, SAYS JAWAHAR

ALLAHABAD, August 1.

"My mind is quite clear that our decision is correct. I can say this with all the authority and dignity of a member of the Working Committee. My mind is at rest. I can clearly see the path before us. We can tread it fearlessly and bravely", said Pandit Nehru addressing the Tilak Day mass meeting.

"It would be like plurging in a storm in the ocean", continued Pandit Nehru. "I will do it with confidence and I invite you to do it. The world is in turmoil. The storm is on us and if we try to escape it, it will follow us and get us."

NO TRUCK WITH AXIS

Pandit Nehru said he wanted to make it clear that there was no intention to help Japan or to injure China. He said: 'If we succeeded that will release tremendous spiritual forces for the cause of freedom and Democracy and will greatly increase the resistance against Japan and Germany. If on the other hand we fail, Britain would be left to fight against Japan as best as she can."

The final decision will lie with the All-India Congress Committee continued Pandit Nehru, and he said that probably the A. I. C. C. would not go against the decision of the Working Committee because it was a correct decision. Any other body bigger than the A. I. C. C. of Congressmen or others would have come to the same conclusion. "What the first step will be I don't know", added Pandit Nehru.

ADVICE TO STUDENTS

Pandit Nehru in a special word to students asked them to join the struggle. How they could do it he said would depend upon circumstances. "It is not a question of 12 annas in the rupee where India's independence is concerned. It is a fundamental issue with us" said Pandit Nehru.

"CORRECT SLOGAN"

Gandhiji's "Quit India" slogan correctly represents our thoughts and sentiments. Passivity on our part at this moment and hour of peril would be suicidal. It will break down all our will to resistance. It would destroy and emasculate us. Our step is not merely for the love of independence. We want to take it to protect ourselves to strengthen our will to resistance to give a fresh orientation to the war, to fight and to help China and Russia: It is an immediate and pressing necessity with us."

PEOPLE'S WAR

Answering the question "How would you fight against Japan"? Pandit Nehru said: "We would fight in every way possible with non violence and with arms. By making it a People's War. By raising People's Army. By increasing production and industrialisation. By making it our primary consuming passion. By fighting like Russia and China and no price would be too big to pay to achieve our success against the aggressor."

Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon, Speaker, U. P. Assembly in his Presidential remarks said that it was useless to talk in terms of Swaraj one year after the war. The matter of our independence was immediate and pressing because "we want popular enthusiasm for war."

NO MATTER FOR BARGAINING

ALLAHABAD, August 1.

"Struggle—eternal struggle! That is my reply to Mr. Amery and Sir Stafford Cripps", said Pandit Nehru spiritedly criticising the latest statements of Mr. Amery and Sir Stafford Cripps on the Indian situation while addressing a public meeting in celebration of Tilak day."

India's national self respect cannot be a matter of bargaining" he added. "I am galled with sorrow and anger to note that I for years wanted some settlement because I felt that Britain was in trouble. They have had their suffering and sorrow. I wanted my country to move forward step by step with them as a free country. But what is one to make of such statements."—A. P.

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CHARLIE CHAN — SUCCESSFUL OPERATION — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

I'LL PRETEND THAT I HAVE TO CLEAN STEVE'S ROOM - I MUST ACT BEFORE HE CONFESSES!
MEANWHILE...
STEVE-LADDIE IS NO LONGER LAME! CONFESS AND GIVE HIM A CHANCE TO GROW UP WITHOUT BLACK STAIN ON MEMORY!
LADDIE ISN'T LAME ANYMORE? WHAT DO YOU MEAN?
OVERJOYED, STEVE LISTENS TO THE STORY OF HIS BOY'S CURE...
DO YOU MEAN TO TELL ME YOU THOUGHT ENOUGH OF MY KID TO PAY FOR THE OPERATION?
THINK SO MUCH OF LADDIE, WILL SEE HE GETS PROPER SCHOOLING AND BECOMES FINE MAN!
CHAN, THAT'S THE FIRST BREAK THE COPS EVER GAVE ME - AND I'LL GIVE YOU ONE! I'LL TELL YOU WHO THE HAWK IS!
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
Alfred Andriola